History of GME accreditation in the United States and West Virginia University

1914  **AMA Council on Medical Education** sets standards for hospital **internship** programs and publishes the first list of approved hospitals offering such programs which included 603 hospitals offering 3095 positions

1920  Council on Medical Education becomes **Council on Medical Education and Hospitals**

1923  **AMA Council on Medical Education** releases “Principles Regarding Graduate Medical Education” with specialty review committees: Internal Medicine, Pediatrics, Neuropsychiatry, Dermatology, Surgery, Ophthalmology, Orthopedic Surgery, Urology, Obstetrics/Gynecology, Public Health/Hygiene, and Pathology

1927  **AMA Council on Medical Education and Hospitals** publishes the first list of hospitals approved for **residency** training

1942  **AMA Council on Medical Education and the Association of American Medical Colleges** establishes the **Liaison Committee on Medical Education** to accredit programs leading to the MD degree

1952  **National Internship Matching Program** is formally established which later becomes the **National Residency Matching Program**

1953  **Residency Review Committee for Internal Medicine** is established within the AMA

1954  **AMA Council on Medical Education** convenes discussion that lead to the formation of the **Educational Council for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG)**

1954  **AMA Council on Medical Education** established the **Internship Review Committee** with representatives from the AMA, AAMC, AHA and FSMB

1961  **West Virginia University School of Medicine** received accreditation for graduate medical education programs in **Surgery (Feb)**, **Anesthesia (April)**, **Pediatrics (May)**, **Internal Medicine (July)**

1963  **AMA Council on Medical Education and Hospitals** becomes **Council on Medical Education**

1970  **AMA House of Delegates** recommends incorporation of the internship with residency programs with goal to phase out stand alone internships by 1975
1972  Liaison Committee on Graduate Medical Education (LCGME) is established to accredit residency programs

1977  San Francisco Match is established for use by some advanced specialty and fellowship programs

1981  Accreditation Council on Graduate Medical Education (ACGME) is established from a consensus in the academic medical community for an independent organization

1985  Central Application Service (CAS) is created as a way to facilitate applications for programs using the San Francisco Match

1995  Electronic Residency Application Service (ERAS) is launched by the AAMC as the standard on-line residency application service

1998  ACGME requires every sponsoring institution to have a Designated Institutional Official (DIO)

2002  ACGME requires implementation of the six core competencies as a framework for the educational programs in GME

2003  Duty hour standards are implemented as a common program requirement

2011  West Virginia University School of Medicine celebrates 50 years of accredited GME with a system that includes more than 50 specialties and 385 residents